Audit Completion Report

Peak District National Park Authority— Year ended 31 March 2023

02 February 2024



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Our reports are prepared in the context of the 'Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies' and the 'Appointing Person Terms of Appointment' issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited.

Reports and letters prepared by appointed auditors and addressed to the Authority are prepared for the sole use of the Authority and we take no responsibility to any member or officer in their individual capacity or to any third party.

Mazars LLP is the UK firmof Mazars, an international advisory and accountancy group. Mazars LLP is registered by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.



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Mazars LLP

02 February 2024

Dear Committee Members

Audit Completion Report – Year ended 31 March 2023

We are pleased to present our Audit Completion Report for the year ended 31 March 2023. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit conclusions. At the date of this report our audit remains in progress and we anticipate completion of audit testing shortly.

The scope of our work, including identified significant audit risks and other areas of management judgement, was outlined in our Audit Strategy Memorandum. We have reviewed our Audit Strategy Memorandum and concluded that the original significant audit risks and other areas of management judgement remain appropriate.

We would like to express our thanks for the assistance of your team during our audit.

If you would like to discuss any matters in more detail then please do not hesitate to contact me on +44 (0)7875 974 291.

Yours faithfully

Mark Surridge

Mazars LLP

01

Section 01:

Executive summary

1. Executive summary

Principal conclusions and significant findings

The detailed scope of our work as your appointed auditor for 2022/23 is set out in the National Audit Office's (NAO) Code of Audit Practice. Our responsibilities and powers are derived from the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and, as outlined in our Audit Strategy Memorandum, our audit has been conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and means we focus on audit risks that we have assessed as resulting in a higher risk of material misstatement.

In section 4 of this report we have set out our conclusions and significant findings from our audit. This section includes our conclusions on the audit risks and areas of management judgement in our Audit Strategy Memorandum, which include:

- Management override of controls; and
- Valuation of the net defined benefit pension liability; and
- Valuation of land and buildings

Misstatements and internal control recommendations

Section 5 sets out internal control recommendations and section 6 sets out audit misstatements; unadjusted misstatements total £77k. Section 7 outlines our work on the Authority's arrangements to achieve economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Status and audit opinion

We have substantially completed our audit in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023. At the time of preparing this report significant matters remaining outstanding as outlined in section 2. We will provide an update to you in relation to the significant matters outstanding through issuance of a follow up letter.

Subject to the satisfactory conclusion of the remaining audit work, we have the following conclusions:



Audit opinion

We anticipate is suing an unqualified opinion, without modification, on the financial statements. Our proposed audit opinion is included in the draft auditor's report in Appendix B.



Value for Money

We anticipate having no significant weaknesses in arrangements to report in relation to the arrangements that the Authority has in place to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. Further detail on our Value for Money work is provided in section 7 of this report. No significant weaknesses have been identified to date.



Whole of Government Accounts (WGA)

We have received group instructions from the National Audit Office in respect of our work on the Authority's WGA submission, however, we have not yet received information on which components have been sampled. This allows us to complete the basic assurance checks following completion of the audit file, but not to undertake any testing which may be necessary. We will update the Authority as soon as we have further information.



Wider powers

The 2014 Act requires us to give an elector, or any representative of the elector, the opportunity to question us about the accounting records of the Authority and to consider any objection made to the accounts. No such correspondence from electors has been received.



02

Section 02:

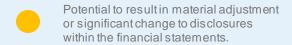
Status of the audit

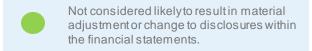
2. Status of the audit

Our work is substantially complete and there are currently no matters of which we are aware that would require modification of our audit opinion, subject to the outstanding matters detailed below.

Audit area Status		Description of the outstanding matters	
Net Defined benefit Asset/Liability	•	We are waiting for the IAS 19 assurance letter from the auditor of Derbyshire Pension Fund which will allow us to condude on our work in this area. The letter is expected in January 2024.	
PPE valuations	•	We are waiting for response to 1 audit query from the valuer in order to conclude upon our work on PPE valuations.	
AGS	•	Our work on the AGS is ongoing.	
Completion procedures	•	Our audit work is undergoing final stages of review by the Engagement Lead. In addition, there are residual procedures to complete, including updating post balance sheet event considerations to the point of issuing the opinion and obtaining final management representations.	









03

Section 03:

Audit approach

3. Audit approach

Changes to our audit approach

We provided details of our intended audit approach in our Audit Strategy Memorandum. We have not made any changes to our audit approach since we presented our Audit Strategy Memorandum

Materiality

Our provisional materiality at the planning stage of the audit was set at £319k using a benchmark of 2% of gross operating expenditure. Our final assessment of materiality, based on the final financial statements and qualitative factors is £315k using the same benchmark

We set our trivial threshold (the level under which individual errors are not communicated to the Authority, at £9k based on 3% of over all materiality.

Performance materiality is the amount or amounts set by the auditor at less than materiality for the financial statements as a whole to reduce, to an appropriately low level, the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds materiality for the financial statements as a whole. In setting performance materiality we have taken into account our view that there is relatively low inherent risk. We have therefore set our performance materiality at 80% of our overall materiality being £252k.

Reliance on internal audit

As outlined in the ASM, we have not relied upon the work of internal audit, however the work of internal audit was used to inform our assessment of the control environment.

Use of experts

As outlined in the ASM, PwC were appointed by the NAO as consulting actuary and we have used their report as auditor's expert to assist us in obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence in relation to the defined benefit pension liability.

Service organisations

International Auditing Standards (UK) (ISAs) define service organisations as third-party organisations that provide services to the Authority that are part of its information systems relevant to financial reporting. We are required to obtain an understanding of the services provided by service organisations as well as evaluating the design and implementation of controls over those services.

We have identified the following relevant service organization:

Items of account	Service Organisation	Audit approach
Payroll expenditure	Derbyshire County Authority	We obtained assurance by understanding the process and controls that the Authority has in place to assure itself that transactions are processed materially correctly. Our testing include sample testing of transactions based on evidence available from the Authority rather than the Service Organisation.



04

Section 04:

Significant findings

In this section we outline the significant findings from our audit. These findings include:

- our audit conclusions regarding other significant risks and key areas of management judgement outlined in the Audit Strategy Memorandum;
- our comments in respect of the accounting policies and disclosures that you have adopted in the financial statements. On page 5 we have concluded whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework and commented on any significant accounting policy changes that have been made during the year; and
- · any significant difficulties we experienced during the audit;

Significant risks

Management override of controls

Description of the risk

In all entities, management at various levels within an organisation are in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of their ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur, we consider there to be a risk of material misstatement due to fraud and thus a significant risk on all audits.

How we addressed this risk

We addressed this risk through performing audit work over:

- Accounting estimates impacting amounts included in the financial statements:
- Consideration of identified significant transactions outside the normal course of business; and
- Journals recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in preparation of the financial statements.

Audit conclusion

Our work on management override of controls is complete. We have found no indication of management override of controls or fraud. We have raised one recommendation with regards to documentation of approval on the finance system.



Net defined benefit asset/liability valuation

Description of the risk

The defined benefit liability relating to the Local Government pension scheme represents a significant balance on the Authority's balance sheet. The Authority uses an actuary to provide an annual valuation of these liabilities in line with the requirements of IAS 19 Employee Benefits. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with this valuation, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area.

How we addressed this risk

We have addressed the risk by:

- critically assessing the competency, objectivity and independence of the Derbyshire Pension Fund's Actuary;
- liaising with the auditors of the Derbyshire Pension Fund to gain assurance that the controls in place at the Pension Fund are operating effectively. This assurance received covered the processes and controls in place to ensure data provided to the Actuary by the Pension Fund for the purposes of the IAS 19 valuation is complete and accurate;
- reviewing the appropriateness of the Pension Asset and Liability valuation methodologies applied by the Pension Fund Actuary, and the key assumptions included within the valuation. This included comparing them to expected ranges, utilising information by the consulting actuary engaged by the National Audit Office; and
- agreeing the data in the IAS 19 valuation report provided by the Fund Actuary for accounting purposes to the pension accounting entries and disclosures in the Authority's financial statements.

Audit conclusion

The Authority has obtained updated actuarial reports leading to adjustments in the financial statements, these are yet to be finalised. As part of our work, we discussed the impact of IFRC14 in calculating an ceiling over the Authority's share of pension fund assets whereby the Authority and the actuary needed to consider whether to cap the amount of asset gain in its accounts.

We are waiting for the IAS 19 assurance letter from the auditor of Derbyshire Pension Fund auditor. We have contacted the auditor who estimates this will be ready in early February, following which we will be able to reach our conclusion.



Valuation of property, plant and equipment

Description of the risk

Land and buildings are a significant balance on the Authority's balance sheet.

The valuation of land and buildings is complex and is subject to a number of management as sumptions and judgements.

Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area.

How we addressed this risk

We addressed this risk by:

- critically assessing the Authority's valuer's scope of work, qualifications, objectivity and independence to carry out the required programme of revaluations;
- Considering whether the overall revaluation methodologies used by the Authority's valuer are in line with industry practice, the CIPFA code of practice and the Authority's accounting policies;
- assessing whether valuation movements are in line with market expectations by considering valuation trends;
- critically assessing the treatment of the upward and downward revaluation movements in the Authority's financial statements with regards to the requirements of the CIPFA code of practice.
- Critically assessing the approach that the Authority adopts to ensure that assets that are not subject to revaluation in 20 22/23 are materially correct, including considering the robustness of that approach in light of the valuation information reported by the Authority's valuers.

Audit conclusion

We have substantially completed the work in this area but have one remaining query with the valuer. We do not expect that this will result in material misstatement but will update the Authority and Those Charged With Governance prior to the issuing our Audit Report.

Our review of the fixed asset register noted that the North Lees Campsite washrooms had been double counted as a result of a current non-enhancing addition not being impaired to nil and being revalued alongside the main asset. We have raised a control recommendation and an unadjusted misstatement in the sections 05 and 06 of this report.

We also noted an overstatement of £38k in the land value of Lathkill Dale. Upon revaluation the Valuer included the area of three neighbouring dales in their calculation. We have raised a control recommendation and an unadjusted misstatement in the sections 05 and 06 of this report.



Qualitative aspects of the Authority's accounting practices

We have reviewed the Authority's accounting policies and disclosures and concluded they comply with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets, published in November 2022, appropriately tailored to the Authority's circumstances.

Draft accounts were received from the Authority's on 03 July 2023 and were of a good quality.

Significant matters discussed with management

During our audit we communicated the following significant matters to management:

The national issue in relation to accounting for infrastructure which has impacted on every local Authority
with material infrastructure balances. The Authority has completed its additional analysis and has updated
the draft accounts as necessary, and we have completed our additional audit procedures on theses
disclosures and processes.

Significant difficulties during the audit

During the audit, we did not encounter any significant difficulties and we have had the full co-operation of management.

Wider responsibilities

Our powers and responsibilities under the 2014 Act are broad and include the ability to:

- issue a report in the public interest;
- make statutory recommendations that must be considered and responded to publicly:
- apply to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law; and
- issue an advisory notice under schedule 8 of the 2014 Act.

We have not exercised any of these powers as part of our 2022/23 audit.

The 2014 Act also gives rights to local electors and other parties, such as the right to ask questions of the auditor and the right to make an objection to an item of account. No such objections have been raised.



05

Section 05:

Internal control recommendations

5. Internal control recommendations

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal controls sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control, we are required to communicate to Those Charged With Governance any significant deficiencies identified during the course of our work.

The purpose of our audit was to express an opinion on the financial statements. As part of our audit, we have considered the internal controls in place relevant to the preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures to allow us to express an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or to identify any significant deficiencies in their design or operation.

The matters reported are limited to those deficiencies and other control recommendations that we have identified during our normal audit procedures and that we consider to be of sufficient importance to merit being reported. If we had performed more extensive procedures on internal control, we might have identified more deficiencies to be reported or concluded that some of the reported deficiencies need not in fact have been reported. Our comments should not be regarded as a comprehensive record of all deficiencies that may exist or improvements that could be made.

Our findings and recommendations are set out below. We have assigned priority rankings to each of them to reflect the importance that we consider each poses to your organisation and, hence, our recommendation in terms of the urgency of required action. In summary, the matters arising fall into the following categories:

Priority ranking	Description	Number of issues
1 (high)	In our view, there is potential for financial loss, damage to reputation or loss of information. This may have implications for the achievement of business strategic objectives. The recommendation should be taken into consideration by management immediately.	0
2 (medium)	In our view, there is a need to strengthen internal control or enhance business efficiency. The recommendations should be actioned in the near future.	3
3 (low)	In our view, internal control should be strengthened in these additional areas when practicable.	0



5. Internal control recommendations

Deficiencies in internal control - Level 2

Description of deficiency

Our journals testing highlighted that there had been authorisation of journals with no formal documentation of approval. We understand that these were posted by a finance team member before being approved by Head of Finance.

Potential effects

There is a heightened risk of management override of controls and fraudulent posting of journals where there is insufficient segregation of duties. We note that it would be very difficult to misappropriate Authority assets and this risk relates to manual journals with an impact on financial performance. From our testing we have not identified any instances of this occurring.

Recommendation

Whilst it is not possible to evidence review on the current finance system, excel journal preparations which are then transferred into the finance system should have evidence of review to show appropriate segregation of duties and approval.

Management response

The journals for 2022/23 were completed by another Accountant during the process and reviewed by the Finance Manager. A new finance system was implemented in October 2023, which now provides an approval workflow and user log for journal records. The new system now ensures that a journal is uploaded and approved by different users, therefore ensuring segregation of duties. The user log is auditable, thereby providing a record of the different users involved in processing a journal.

Deficiencies in internal control - Level 2

Description of deficiency

The fixed asset register lacks sufficient clarity to facilitate accurate accounting. We have identified that as a result, a non-enhancing addition in the register was input onto its own asset line and not subsequently impaired, causing land and buildings to be overstated by £77k. We understand that the Authority is in the process of sourcing a new fixed asset register.

Potential effects

There is the potential for material misstatement in the financial statements as a result of information on assets being missed or duplicated in the preparation of the financial statements.

Recommendation

To update the fixed asset register to ensure all required information is retained.

Management response

It is accepted that there was a non-material error in the fixed asset register during the 2022/23 process. The Authority is currently procuring a new asset management system which will have an accounting module to facilitate year end processes for the statement of accounts. It is hoped that this will be in place for the 2023/24 statement of account process.



5. Internal control recommendations

Other recommendations in internal control - Level 2

Description of deficiency

Testing of income cut-off identified a weakness relating to the year-end accruals process and controls. One misstatement (£3,256) related to income recognised in 2023/24 which related to 2022/23.

We cannot extrapolate this error to give a precise value because this is not taken from a full year's population which is complete, but the indicative error is immaterial but greater than trivial in relation to the first two months of the 23/24 financial year. As the factual error is below trivial, this is not reported in section 06.

Potential effects

The CIES and Debtors in the financial statements could be misstated in future.

Recommendation

 $Review\ year\ end\ processes\ and\ controls\ around\ accruals\ to\ ensure\ they are\ appropriately\ robust.$

Management response

It is accepted that there was a small error in the recognition of income that related to 2022/23, however we feel that this is an exceptional occurrence. Nonetheless the accruals process will be reviewed for the 2023/24 year end to ensure that any error of this type is unlikely to occur again or would be corrected before completion of the year end processes.

Other recommendations in internal control – Level 2

Description of deficiency

Land and buildings revaluation testing identified that the area used in one of the Valuer's calculations did not agree to the Authority's site plans of the asset. This was caused by the Valuer including the area of three neighbouring dales in their calculation, resulting in an overstatement of £38k in the land value of Lathkill Dale. The Authority had not noticed this error on their review of the valuation report.

Potential effects

There is the potential for material misstatement of Land and Buildings and Surplus assets in the financial statements as a result of the valuer using incorrect inputs or assumptions.

Recommendation

Management should review the inputs and assumptions used by the Valuer to ensure the estimates in the financial statements are reasonable.

Management response

The Authority is currently procuring a new asset management system and this will mean that all information relating to fixed assets will be held in one place and this will reduce the likelihood of a similar mistake not being noticed. The fixed asset register held by finance does not include detailed information on the land area and is reliant on the valuer using the correct information supplied by our asset management team.



06

Section 06:

Summary of misstatements

6. Summary of misstatements

This section outlines the misstatements identified during the course of the audit, above the trivial threshold for adjustment of £9k. The first table outlines the misstatements that were identified during the course of our audit which management has assessed as not being material either individually or in aggregate to the financial statements and does not currently plan to adjust.

The second table outlines the misstatements that have been adjusted by management during the course of the audit.

Jnadjusted misstatements		Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement		Balance Sheet	
		Dr (£'000)	Cr (£'000)	Dr (£'000)	Cr (£'000)
	Dr: Impairments	77			
1	Cr: Land and buildings NBV				-77
	When reviewing the fixed asset register, we ider buildings to be overstated by £77k. We understa				l, causing land and
	Dr: Revaluation losses to the SDPS	38			
2	Cr: Land and buildings				38
	There is a variance in area used to revalue Lath understand that the Valuer, in error, took Lathkil area, and satisfaction that the other inputs rema	I Dale's land plus three neighbouring	dales to come to the 122 acres. Reca		
	Total unadjusted misstatements	115	0	0	-115



6. Summary of misstatements

Adjusted misstatements

	a misstatements	·	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement		Balance Sheet	
		Dr (£'000)	Cr (£'000)	Dr (£'000)	Cr (£'000)	
1	Dr: Government grants	82				
	Cr: N/A					
	Our work on the agreement of the trial balance to the Statement of Accelerroneously entered twice on the credit side on the word document, rescoded from grants to government grants because the purchase of a velocity why there is no corresponding entry.	sulting in a discrepancybetween the statement of ac	counts and the trial balance. Th	e reclassification adjustment	itself was correctly	
	Total adjusted misstatements	82	0	0	0	



07

Section 07:

Value for Money

7. Value for Money

Approach to Value for Money

We are required to consider whether the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The NAO issues guidance to auditors that underpins the work we are required to carry out and sets out the reporting criteria that we are required to consider. The reporting criteria are:

- Financial sustainability How the Authority plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services
- Governance How the Authority ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness How the Authority uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

At the planning stage of the audit, we undertake work to understand the arrangements that the Authority has in place under each of the reporting criteria and we identify risks of significant weaknesses in those arrangements. Although we describe this work as planning work, we keep our understanding of arrangements under review and update our risk assessment throughout the audit to reflect emerging issues that may suggest significant weaknesses in arrangements exist.

The table overleaf outlines the risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements that we have identified, the risk-based procedures we have undertaken, and the results of our work.

Where our risk-based procedures identify actual significant weaknesses in arrangements we are required to report these and make recommendations for improvement. Where such significant weaknesses are identified, we report these in the audit report.

The primary output of our work on the Authority's arrangements is the commentary on those arrangements that forms part of the Auditor's Annual Report.

Status of our work

We have substantially completed our work in respect of the Authority's arrangements for the year ended 31 March 2023 and we have not identified any significant weaknesses in arrangements that have required us to make a recommendation. Our draft audit report at Appendix B confirms that we have no mattes to report in respect of significant weaknesses, but if any are identified they will be reported in the audit certificate. As noted above, our commentary on the Authority's arrangements will be provided in the Auditor's Annual Report.



Appendices

A: Draft management representation letter

B: Draft audit report

C: Independence

D: Other communications

Mark Surridge Mazars LLP Park View House 58 The Ropewalk Nottingham NG1 5DW

Dear Mark

Peak District National Park Authority - audit for year ended 31 March 2023

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Peak District National Park Authority ('the Authority') for the year ended 31 March 2023 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 (the Code), the Code Update and applicable law.

I confirm that the following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowled ge and experience (and, where appropriate, inspection of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy ourselves that I can properly make each of the following representations to you.

My responsibility for the financial statements and accounting information

I believe that I have fulfilled my responsibilities for the true and fair presentation and preparation of the financial state ments in accordance with the Code and applicable law.

My responsibility to provide and disclose relevant information

I have provided you with:

- access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other material;
- additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- unrestricted access to individuals within the Authority you determined it was necessary to contact in order to obtain audit evidence.

I confirm as Finance Manager and Chief Finance Officer that I have taken all the necessary steps to make me aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you, as auditors, are aware of this information.

As far as I am aware there is no relevant audit information of which you, as auditors, are unaware.

Accounting records

I confirm that all transactions that have a material effect on the financial statements have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements. All other records and related information, including minutes of all Authority and committee meetings, have been made available to you.



Accounting policies

I confirm that I have reviewed the accounting policies applied during the year in accordance with Code and International Accounting Standard 8 and consider these policies to faithfully represent the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the Authority's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

Accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value

I confirm that any significant assumptions used by the Authority in making accounting estimates are reasonable, including those measured at current or fair value.

I confirm that I am satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the valuation of pension scheme liabilities for IAS19 disclosures are consistent with my knowledge. I confirm that all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for. I confirm that all significant retirement benefits have been identified and properly accounted for (including any arrangements that are statutory, contractual or implicit in the employer's actions, that arise in the UK or overseas, that are funded or unfunded).

Contingencies

There are no material contingent losses including pending or potential litigation that should be accrued where:

- information presently available indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired, or a liability had been incurred at the balance sheet date; and
- the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

There are no material contingent losses that should be disclosed where, although either or both the conditions specified above are not met, there is a reasonable possibility that a loss, or a loss greater than that accrued, may have been incurred at the balance sheet date.

There are no contingent gains which should be disclosed.

All material matters, including unasserted claims, that may result in litigation against the Authority have been brought to your attention. All known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements have been disclosed to you and accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the Code and applicable law.

Laws and regulations

I confirm that I have disclosed to you all those events of which I am aware which involve known or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, together with the actual or contingent consequences which may arise therefrom.

The Authority has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the accounts in the event of non-compliance.



Fraud and error

I acknowledge my responsibility as Corporate Finance Manager (& Section 151 Officer) for the design, implementation, and main tenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error.

I have disclosed to you:

- all the results of my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;
- all knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Authority involving:
- management and those charged with governance;
- o employees who have significant roles in internal control; and
- o others where fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.

I have disclosed to you all information in relation to any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the Authority's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others

Related party transactions

I confirm that all related party relationships, transactions and balances, have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of the Code and applicable law.

I have disclosed to you the identity of the Authority's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which I am aware.

Impairment review

To the best of my knowledge, there is nothing to indicate, including considerations of RAAC, that there is a permanent reduction in the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment below their carrying value at the balance sheet date. An impairment review is therefore not considered necessary.

Charges on assets

All the Authority's assets are free from any charges exercisable bythird parties except as disclosed within the financial statements.

Future commitments

I am not aware of any plans, intentions or commitments that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities or give rise to additional liabilities.



Subsequent events

I confirm all events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the Code and applicable law, require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

Should further material events occur after the date of this letter which may necessitate revision of the figures included in the financial statements or inclusion of a note thereto, I will advise you accordingly.

Going concern

To the best of my knowledge there is nothing to indicate that the Authority will not continue as a going concern in the fores eeable future. The period to which I have paid particular attention in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis is not less than twelve months from the date of approval of the accounts.

Annual Governance Statement

I am satisfied that the Annual Governance Statement (AGS) fairly reflects the Authority's risk assurance and governance frame work and I confirm that I am not aware of any significant risks that are not disclosed within the AGS.

Narrative report

The disclosures within the Narrative Report fairly reflect my understanding of the Authority's financial and operating performance over the period covered by the financial statements.

Unadjusted misstatements

I confirm that the effects of the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. All uncorrected misstatements are included in the Appendix 1 to this letter.

Other matters

I can confirm in relation to the following matters that:

- COVID-19 I have assessed the impact of the COVID-19 Virus pandemic on the Authority and the financial statements, including the impact of mitigation measures and uncertainties, and are satisfied that the financial statements and supporting notes fairly reflect that assessment.
- I confirm that I have carried out an assessment of the potential impact of Russian Forces entering Ukraine on the business, including the impact of mitigation measures and uncertainties, and that the disclosure in the Narrative Report and the subsequent events note to the financial statements fairly reflects that assessment
- We confirm that we have carried out an assessment of the potential impact of the United Kingdom leaving the European Union, including the impact of the Trade and Cooperation Agreement, and that the disclosure in the Statement of Accounts fairly reflects that assessment.
- I confirm I have considered the treatment of items or probable and potential expenditure notified to us by external parties in line with the accounting standards for contingent liabilities and provisions.
- We confirm that we have assessed the impact on the Authority of the on-going Global Banking challenges, in particular whether there is any impact on the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and on the post balance sheet events disclosures.



•	We confirm that our exposure (either direct cash exposure or direct / indirect through investments) with Silicon Valley Bank, Credit Suisse, Signature Bank or any other bank in a distress situation, is not
material	

• I confirm the Authority has assessed the potential impact of Reinforced Autoclaved Aerated Concrete on the Authority, and in particular, whether there are indications of a need for an impairment of the Authority's property, plant and equipment or investment property balances. I confirm there are no such indications of impairment in those assets.

Yours faithfully

Section 151 Officer

Date:



Independent auditor's report to the members of Peak District National Park Authority

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Peak District National Park Authority ("the Authority) for the year ended 31 March 2023, which comprise the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, as amended by the Update to the Code and Specifications for Future Codes for Infrastructure Assets ("the Code Update"), published in November 2022.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Authority as at 31st March 2023 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Code Update.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Chief Finance Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, and taking into account the requirements of the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Code Update, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Chief Finance Officer with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



Other information

The other information comprises the Annual Governance Statement and information. Our opinion on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Chief Finance Officer for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Chief Finance Officer's Responsibilities, the Chief Finance Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Code Update, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Chief Finance Officer is also responsible for such internal control as the Chief Finance Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Chief Finance Officer is required to comply with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 as amended by the Code Update and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis on the assumption that the functions of the Authority will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for assessing each year whether or not it is appropriate for the Authority to prepare its accounts on the going concern basis and disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Based on our understanding of the Authority, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Local Government Act 2003 (and associated regulations made under section 21), the Local Government Finance Acts of 1988, 1992 and 2012, and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements.

To help us identify instances of non-compliance with these laws and regulations, and in identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect to non-compliance, our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- inquiring with management and the Authority Committee, as to whether the Authority is in compliance with laws and regulations, and discussing their policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;
- · communicating identified laws and regulations throughout our engagement team and remaining alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout our audit; and
- considering the risk of acts by the Authority which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.



We evaluated the Chief Finance Officer's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls) and determined that the principal risks were related to posting manual journal entries to manipulate financial performance, management bias through judgements and assumptions in significant one-off or unusual transactions.

Our audit procedures in relation to fraud included but were not limited to:

- making enquiries of management and the Authority Committee on whether they had knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- gaining an understanding of the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud;
- discussing amongst the engagement team the risks of fraud; and
- addressing the risks of fraud through management override of controls by performing journal entry testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with management and the Authority Committee. As with any audit, there remained a risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.

We are also required to conclude on whether the Chief Finance Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. We performed our work in accordance with Practice Note 10: Audit of financial statement and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom, and Supplementary Guidance Note 01, issued by the National Audit Office in February 2023.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources

Matter on which we are required to report by exception

We are required to report to you if, in our view we are not satisfied that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2023.

We have nothing to report in this respect.

Responsibilities of the Authority

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the use of resources

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

We have undertaken our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the quidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in January 2023.



Matters on which we are required to report by exception under the Code of Audit Practice

We are required by the Code of Audit Practice to report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make a recommendation under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we exercise any other special powers of the auditor under sections 28, 29 or 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the members of Peak District National Park Authority, as a body, in accordance with part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and as set out in paragraph 44 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members of the Authority those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members of the Authority, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of Peak District National Park Authority in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice.

[Signature]

Peak District National Park Key Audit Partner For and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Address

[Insert date]



Appendix C: Independence

As part of our ongoing risk assessment we monitor our relationships with you to identify any new actual or perceived threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We can confirm that no new threats to independence have been identified since issuing the Audit Strategy Memorandum and therefore we remain independent.



Appendix D: Other communications

Other communication		Response
	Compliance with Laws and Regulations	We have not identified any significant matters involving actual or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations.
		We will obtain written representations from management that all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements have been disclosed.
	External confirmations	We did not experience any issues with respect to obtaining external confirmations.
	Related parties	We did not identify any significant matters relating to the audit of related parties.
		We will obtain written representations from management confirming that:
، دائاً د ،		a. they have disclosed to us the identity of related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which they are aware; and
n		b. they have appropriately accounted for and disclosed such relationships and transactions in accordance with the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework.
	Going concern	We have not identified any evidence to cause us to disagree with the Chief Financial Officer that Peak District National Park Authority will be a going concern, and therefore we consider that the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements.



Appendix D: Other communications

Other communication		Response
	Subsequent events	We are required to obtain evidence about whether events occurring between the date of the financial statements and the date of the auditor's report that require adjustment of, or disclosure in, the financial statements are appropriately reflected in those financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. We will obtain written representations from management that all events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the applicable financial reporting framework requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
-\	Matters related to fraud	We have designed our audit approach to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement due to fraud. In addition to the work performed by us, we will obtain written representations from management, and Those Charged With Governance, confirming that a. they acknowledge their responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud; b. they have disclosed to the auditor the results of management's assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud; c. they have disclosed to the auditor their knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving: i. Management; ii. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or iii. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements; and d. they have disclosed to the auditor their knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.



Mark Surridge

Mazars

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*w here permitted under applicable country law s.

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